Cuisinart





Cuisinart® Automatic Bread Maker

CBK-100A

For your safety and continued enjoyment of this product, always read the instruction book carefully before using.

IB-9/223

IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS

When using electrical appliances, basic safety precautions should always be followed including the following:

- 1. READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS, PRODUCT LABELS AND WARNINGS BEFORE USING THIS BREAD MAKER.
- Do not touch hot surfaces; carry the unit by handles. Always use oven mitts when handling hot material, and allow metal parts to cool before cleaning. Allow the bread maker to cool thoroughly before putting in or taking off parts.
- When unit is not in use and before cleaning, unplug the bread maker from wall outlet. Let the bread maker cool down thoroughly before assembling or disassembling it.
- To protect against risk of electrical shock, do not immerse the appliance or plugs in water or other liquids.
- Close supervision is always necessary when this or any appliance is used near children or incapacitated persons.
- Do not allow anything to rest on the power cord. Do not plug in cord where people may walk or trip on it. Unplug this bread maker from the wall outlet before you go out for a trip or long excursion.
- 7. Do not operate this or any appliance with a frayed or damaged cord, or plug, or after the appliance malfunctions or is dropped or has been damaged in any manner. Take appliance to the nearest authorized service facility for examination, repair or electrical or mechanical adjustment.
- 8. Do not let the cord dangle over the edge of a table or counter or touch hot surfaces. Do not place on an unsteady or cloth-covered surface.
- Avoid contact with moving parts.
- Do not use attachments not recommended by the manufacturer. They
 may cause fire, electric shock or injury.
- 11. Do not use outdoors or for commercial purposes.
- 12. Do not place the appliance near a hot gas or electric burner, or in a heated oven.

- 13. Keep power cord away from the hot surface of this bread maker. Do not put any flammable object on the hot surface of this bread maker.
- 14. Place this bread maker a minimum of 2 inches away from wall or any other object.
- 15. Do not use this bread maker for other than its intended use.
- 16. When plugging or unplugging this bread maker, be sure not to touch the plug blades with your fingers.
- To unplug, press and hold the Stop/Pause button for 1 to 3 seconds, grip plug and pull from wall outlet. Never pull on the cord.
- 18. If electric circuit is overloaded with other appliances, your bread maker may not operate properly. This bread maker should be operated on a separate electrical circuit from other operating appliances.
- 19. Extreme caution must be used when moving an appliance containing hot oil or other hot liquids.
- Always attach plug to appliance first, then plug cord into the wall outlet. To disconnect, turn any control to "off", then remove plug from wall outlet.
- 21. This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children) with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance by a person responsible for their safety.
- 22. Children should be supervised to ensure thatthey do not play with the appliance.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR HOUSEHOLD USE ONLY

SPECIAL CORD SET INSTRUCTIONS

A short power supply cord is provided to reduce the risks resulting from becoming entangled in or tripping over a longer cord.

Longer extension cords are available and may be used if care is exercised in their use.

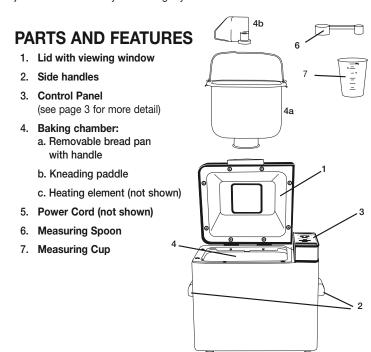
If a long extension cord is used, the marked electrical rating of the extension cord must be at least as great as the electrical rating of the appliance, and the longer cord should be arranged so that it will not drape over the countertop or tabletop where it can be tripped over or pulled on by children.

CONTENTS

Important Safeguards
Introduction
Parts and Features
Control Panel
Making Bread
Programs
Measuring Ingredients
Loading Ingredients into the Bread Pan
Tips and Hints
Cleaning and Care
Troubleshooting 9
Warranty

INTRODUCTION

Nothing says "home" like warm, just-baked bread. With your new automatic bread maker, all you have to do is add ingredients and select the time you'd like Cuisinart to start the process. We mix it, knead it, let it rise, and bake it. We've included lots of bread recipes, as well as recipes for pastries and jams. You'll discover you've bought yourself much more than a beadmaker!



CONTROL PANEL

LCD Display – Displays your loaf size and crust colour selection along with the current function. Also used to view menu selection and delay start timer.

Loaf Size Button – Selects a 450g, 680g or 900g loaf.

Crust Colour Button – Selects a light, medium or dark crust.

Menu Button – Selects program; refer to the program list for options.

Program List – Lists the first 11 preprogrammed menu selections; use the menu button to select from this list.

Rapid Bake Button – Selects the 12th pre-program, Rapid Bake (Please refer to page 6 for more information on this setting).

Delay Start Timer Buttons – Set the delay start timer.

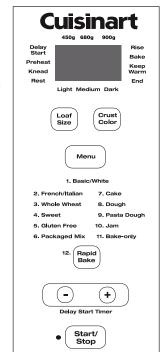
Start/Stop Button – Starts and stops the bread making process.

MAKING BREAD

Before First Use

Before using your Cuisinart® Automatic Bread Maker for the first time, remove all protective paper and wrapping. Be sure that all parts of your new bread maker have been unpacked before discarding any packaging materials. You may want to keep the box and packaging materials for use at a later date.

Wipe housing and inside of lid with a damp cloth and rinse bread pan, kneading paddle, measuring spoon and cup.



Setting Up

- Remove bread pan by grasping the handle, turning the pan to the left and pulling up. Attach kneading paddle. (see figures 1a and 1b).
- 2. Put ingredients in bread pan refer to the measuring and loading ingredients section (pages 6-7) for detailed instructions.

Note: Always put liquid ingredients into the pan first, followed by dry ingredients. Be sure to put yeast last, as yeast must not touch wet ingredients, to avoid activation before kneading.

- Insert the bread pan back into the baking chamber, turning the pan to the right. Be sure it locks in place.
- 4. Close the lid and plug in the bread maker.

1b

Programming

- Select your loaf size (450g, 680g or 900g) by pressing the Loaf Size button until your desired size is selected. Your current selection will be displayed on the LCD panel.
- Select your crust colour (light, medium or dark) by pressing the Crust Colour button until your desired colour is selected. Your current selection will be displayed on the LCD panel.
- Select your program number by pressing the Menu button until your desired program is displayed. (The pre-programmed menu selections are listed on the control panel for easy reference.) For Rapid Bake, press the Rapid Bake button. For more information on each program, see pages 5-6.

Begin the process

- a. Start if you would like the bread making process to start immediately, press the Start/Stop button now.
- Delay Start The delay timer allows you to delay the bread making process up to 13 hours. The delay start cannot be used with the Rapid Bake program and is not recommended for use with dough, jam or gluten free settings.

Note: Do not use perishable ingredients such as milk, eggs, cheese and yoghurt with the delay start function.

To set the Delay Start

- 1. Add ingredients.
- 2. Select your loaf size, crust colour and program.
- Press the + button repeatedly until the total delay time desired is displayed. If you go past the required time, press the – button to go back. The timer will move in 10-minute increments.
 - Set your time based on when you would like your bread to be complete. If, for example, the time is 1pm and you plan for a finished loaf at 10pm, set your delay timer for 9 hours.
- 4. Press the Start/Stop button to begin the delay start countdown.

During Bread Making

The Process

Once you start a selected program, the unit will automatically take care of each step of the bread making process until the loaf finishes baking. An indicator on the LCD will display the current function: Delay Start, Preheat, Knead, Rest, Rise, Bake, Keep Warm or End.

Preheat: Some programs require the bread maker to pre-heat. During this time, the unit is heating up. Note: this function is not required for all programs.

Knead: Three kneads are standard for most settings. The first knead will actually mix the ingredients; one or two other short knead cycles will punch the dough down before the rest and rise cycles.

Rest: These are periods of resting in which the unit will not be active except for the countdown display.

Rise: These are periods of rising in which the unit will not be active except for the countdown display.

Bake: The Cuisinart® Automatic Bread Maker will regulate the baking time and temperature according to the individual recipe.

Keep Warm: Allows you to leave the finished bread in the machine to serve warm. It also helps to keep the crust from becoming soggy if not removed from the machine immediately after baking. Some crusts will darken slightly in Keep Warm.

Options

- 1. Mix-Ins: During the last 8 minutes of the second kneading cycle with the Basic/White, Whole Wheat, French/Italian, and Sweet programs, an audible signal of 5 short beeps will sound to remind you to add any additional ingredients your recipe requires. To do so, open the lid and add additional ingredients. Be sure to close the lid, once finished.
- 2. After mixing/kneading is complete there will be an audible signal of 6 short beeps, before the last rise cycle, indicating the point at which the mixing/kneading is complete. At this point in the bread making process you have the option of removing the kneading paddle, to avoid a small hole in the bottom of your baked loaf, and/or re-shaping the dough, though neither is necessary. To do so,
 - Using oven mitts, open the lid and remove the bread pan by the handle and close the lid.
 - Take the dough from the pan and remove the kneading paddle Caution: The kneading paddle may be hot.
 - Form the dough into a neat ball and replace in the centre of the bread pan.
 - d. Replace the bread pan in the machine and close the lid.

Note: If you plan to remove the dough and reshape it in another pan for baking in your conventional oven, this is the time to do so. Be sure to press and hold the Start/Stop button to reset the machine so it does not automatically resume the process after 15 minutes.

Also Note: This unit is equipped with a power failure backup system. In case of any disruption of power supply, the unit will store in memory the stage of bread making cycle and resume once power is restored. The power backup feature can maintain memory for a power failure up to 15 minutes.

After Bread Making

There will be a series of 15 beeps to signal the end of the baking cycle; the bread display window will read 00:00 and the unit will be in the Warm cycle. Your bread will be kept warm for 60 minutes to prevent it from becoming soggy. For optimal results, we recommend removing the loaf as soon as the baking cycle is complete and letting it cool on a baking rack.

To remove bread from the pan,

- using oven mitts, open the lid and remove the bread pan by the handle.
- b. Still using the oven mitts hold the bottom of the bread pan, move the handle aside, and shake until the bread is released.
- For best results, allow the loaf to cool on a wire rack for 20 to 30 minutes prior to slicing.

Note: If you have not removed the kneading paddle before baking, be sure to remove the kneading paddle from the finished loaf. **Use caution; the kneading paddle will be extremely hot.**

PROGRAMS

Basic/White - The white bread cycle uses primarily white flour.

French/Italian – French/Italian breads require special timing and temperatures to achieve that wonderful crispy, nicely browned crust.

Whole wheat bread – Whole wheat bread is a yeast bread that is made with a significant portion of whole wheat flour (50% or more), rather than with all white bread flour. Breads made from whole wheat flour are more nutritious because the flour is milled from the entire wheat berry (including the bran and the germ). Using whole wheat flour produces a bread that is brown to dark brown in colour (when all whole wheat flour is used), and the breads are more flavourful and healthful than breads made with refined white flours (even though "lost" nutrients are added back into white flours).

Sweet bread – The sweet bread program is specifically designed to bake breads with high amounts of sugar, fats and proteins. These added ingredients tend to increase browning of the finished loaves.

Gluten free – One in approximately 100 people has an allergy or sensitivity to gluten. Since gluten is found in most flours used in traditional bread baking, the ingredients to create gluten free breads are unique. While they are "yeast breads," the doughs are generally wet and have a batter-like consistency. It is also important not to over-mix or over-knead gluten free doughs. There is only one rise, and due to the high moisture content, baking time is increased. Mix-ins must be added at the very beginning of the cycle with other basic ingredients.

Packaged mix – This program is intended for prepackaged yeast bread mixes intended for the bread machine. 680g and 900g dough mixes work best.

Cake/Quick bread – (Referred to as batter breads in some cookbooks.) Cake-like in texture, they are usually baked in a shaped pan such as a muffin tin or loaf pan. They are a batter-type bread rather than a yeast dough, and get their leavening from baking powder, baking soda and eggs. Mix-ins must be added at the very beginning of the cycle with other basic ingredients.

If a quick bread is a little moist on top when baking is complete (moisture will depend on ingredients of the quick bread), leave it in the bread maker for an extra 10 to 15 minutes with no heat, and it will continue baking – this is called "after cooking."

Dough –There are two ways to prepare dough in the bread maker if you wish to bake it in a conventional oven.

One way is by using our Dough cycle. It mixes ingredients, kneads and takes the dough through the first rise cycle. It is appropriate for almost any dough recipe (except gluten free) and ideal for pizza dough.

It is intended that dough will be removed, deflated and shaped by hand and allowed to rise 1 or 2 more times out of the bread maker.

Alternatively, you can choose a specific bread type from the menu options, and remove the dough when the signal before last rise sounds. This will take you through two rise cycles.

This method is suitable for any alternate loaf shape, round loaf, dinner rolls, braided challah bread, and so on. Last rise will take place outside the bread maker.

Pasta Doughs –The pasta dough program mixes and kneads pasta dough perfectly. It is intended for the dough to be removed and rested. Once rested the dough can either be rolled by hand or placed through a pasta roller.

Jams – The bread maker is a great cooking environment for homemade jams and chutneys. The paddle automatically keeps the ingredients stirring through the process. The heating element is placed in a way that the contents of the pot will not get burned. We provide recipes to get you started. They make a wonderful complement to freshly baked bread!

Bake-Only – This menu setting activates the bread maker for bake function only, and can be set in 10-minute intervals up to 90 minutes. You can use this setting if you want the finished loaf to have darker crust colour (this will only require a few extra minutes, so keep your eye on the loaf). Bake Only can also be used to bake store-purchased doughs.

Rapid Bake – The time saving is achieved with the use of rapid rise yeast. The rapid cycle must be used with a recipe using rapid rise yeast, or the bread will not rise and bake properly. Almost any recipe can be modified by replacing standard yeast with an equal or larger amount of rapid rise yeast. There is no need to set your loaf size or crust setting. Simply press the Rapid Bake button. Settings for this program are set for a 680g loaf, with a medium crust colour. This cannot be changed.

MEASURING INGREDIENTS

Important note: The MOST important rule of making bread: Use exact measurements. This is the key to successful bread baking.

With wet ingredients, use only liquid measuring cups with the cups/ounces marked clearly on the side. After filling the measuring cup, place it on a flat surface and view it at eye level to make sure the amount of liquid is exact. Liquids must be room temperature.

With dry ingredients, fill a dry measuring cup with a spoon and then level off the measurement with the back of a knife or a spatula to make sure the measurement is exact. Never use the cup to scoop the ingredients directly from container (for example, flour). By scooping, you could add up to one tablespoon of extra ingredients. Do not pack down.

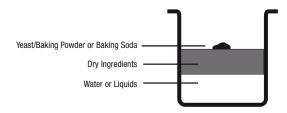
MEASUREMENT/CONVERSION CHART

1½ teaspoons	= ½ tablespoon	8 tablespoons	= ½ cup
3 teaspoons	= 1 tablespoon	12 tablespoons	= 3/4 cup
½ tablespoon	= 1½ teaspoons	16 tablespoons	= 1 cup
2 tablespoons	= 1/8 cup	% cup	= ½ cup + 2 tablespoons
4 tablespoons	= 1/4 cup	% cup	= ½ cup + 2 tablespoons
5 tablespoons + 1 teaspoon	= 1/3 cup	% cup	= 3/4 cup + 2 tablespoons

LOADING INGREDIENTS INTO THE BREAD PAN

Important Note: The SECOND MOST important rule of making bread: Put the ingredients into the bread maker in the EXACT order given in the recipe. This means:

- FIRST, liquid ingredients room temperature
- SECOND, dry ingredients
- LAST, yeast Yeast must be separate from wet ingredients. Create a small crater in dry ingredients using your finger or a spoon, and place yeast within the crater. Make sure yeast is fresh.



Also, make sure ALL ingredients are at room temperature, unless otherwise noted (that is, between 24°C - 32°C). Temperatures too cool or too warm can affect the way the bread rises and bakes. **Note:** Water should not be warm, or it will affect rising.

Last, it's a good idea to start with fresh ingredients. Fresh flour and fresh yeast are critical.

See troubleshooting section (page 9) to learn more.

TIPS AND HINTS

Usage

Bread machine baking is affected by the temperature and humidity of the day – this is often the cause of varied dough consistency and results. On a humid day, the best method of measuring is to weigh the flour. A cup of white bread flour weighs 5 ounces/140grams. A cup of whole wheat flour weighs 4 ounces/120 grams.

If you do not have a scale (electronic works best for measuring flour), let your eye and hands guide you in adding more flour or liquid as necessary. Dough should be smooth and not cling to fingers when touched. Additional amounts of flour or liquid should be added 1 teaspoon at a time. This should be judged during the first knead only.

Remember, the key to successful bread making is to use exact measurements. When measuring ingredients use liquid measuring utensils for liquids and dry measures for dry ingredients. Stir all flours first, spoon into dry measure and level off using the flat side of a knife or spatula – do not pack down.

Giving the kneading paddle a light coating with a nonstick cooking spray, shortening or vegetable oil may make it easier to remove if it bakes into a loaf.

Important: If using perishable fresh ingredients such as dairy products, eggs, chopped fruits or vegetables, do not use the Delay Start Timer feature. Dried ingredients such as dried egg powders, dried buttermilk, or dry milk may be substituted for some dairy products and eggs. Add the water to the machine first, then add the dried substitution after the flour to keep them separate. If you substitute these dried ingredients and have no other fresh, perishable ingredients in your bread recipe, you may then use the Delay Start Timer feature.

Use top quality ingredients to make your bread-machine breads.

Measure all ingredients accurately and have them ready before adding to bread pan. This is known as *mise en place* and helps to ensure that you measure each ingredient correctly, and do not find that you get down to the last (or nearly last) ingredient and find that it is not available in the pantry.

Add ingredients to the pan in this order – liquids, melted or softened butter, salt and sugars (including honey, molasses, syrup), herbs, flours, dried milk, vital wheat gluten (if using), yeast. Do not allow the yeast to touch the wet ingredients. See detailed instructions on page 7.

Temperature of ingredients is important in bread machine baking. Ideal temperature is room temperature, between 24°C - 32°C. Use an instant-read thermometer to check the temperatures. Cold ingredients should be allowed to come to room temperature. Liquids and butter may be combined and placed in a microwave on the defrost setting to warm without heating too hot. Gently and safely warm cold eggs by placing whole eggs in a bowl and covering with moderately hot tap water for 10 minutes.

When adapting a recipe, do not omit the little amounts of $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon or less – they are essential to the chemical composition of the bread.

Vital wheat gluten can be added to recipes to improve loaf height, texture and structure – particularly with whole grain flours, or breads using whole wheat, oat flour or rye flours.

Nuts and seeds, raisins and dried fruits, shredded cheeses, chocolate morsels, and any other additions to the dough should be added when the Mix-in signal sounds for the appropriate programs.

For a more uniform loaf of bread, remove the dough when you hear the remove-paddle signal, then remove the kneading paddle and reshape the dough into a neat loaf. This will ensure a more uniformly shaped loaf of bread, particularly with the smaller 450g and 680g loaves.

Use the Whole Wheat program when baking breads containing not only whole wheat flour, but other heavy flours that will require a longer knead and rise – for example, pumpernickel bread.

All breads slice best when allowed to cool for a minimum of 30 minutes (preferably longer) before slicing. If you wish to serve bread warm, wrap in foil and heat in oven.

For quick breads/batter breads, spray the bottom and halfway up the sides of the bread pan with cooking spray before adding ingredients, to assist in release. Loosen the loaf with a plastic spatula before turning out.

Amounts/Sizes/Ingredients

For white breads and any recipe calling for a white flour (unless it is a quick/batter bread requiring cake flour), the best flour to use is bread flour, which has a higher protein content.

A general formula for a 680g bread machine loaf is: 3 cups bread flour, 1% to 1% cups liquid, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon sugar, 1% to 2 teaspoons yeast. Use this as your basic formula and make adjustments from there.

In general, a 2-cup flour recipe will produce a loaf that is about 450g, a 3-cup flour recipe will produce a loaf that is about 680g, and a 4-cup flour recipe will produce a loaf that is about 900g. Some recipes will have slightly larger or smaller amounts of flour for each size, and with Mix-ins, they may weigh more than 450g, 680g or 900g.

You should not use more than 5 cups flour total in the bread machine.

If you are adapting a recipe, and your mathematical measurements become something odd such as half of an egg, use a small egg as a replacement for half. A large egg is generally equal to about ½ cup.

CLEANING AND CARE

Always turn the bread maker off, remove the plug from the electrical outlet and allow the unit to cool before cleaning. Never immerse the unit in water or other liquid. To clean the housing and control panel, simply wipe with a clean damp cloth and dry before storing.

Never use rough, abrasive materials or cleansers to clean any part of the unit.

Lid – If you would like to remove the lid for cleaning, open the lid completely and pull upward. Never put the lid in the dishwasher.

Baking Pan, Kneading Paddle, Measuring Spoon and Measuring Cup – Wash with warm soapy water and rinse thoroughly, or clean in the upper rack of the dishwasher. Dry all parts after use. If you have trouble removing the kneading paddle from the bread pan, soak in warm water for 10 to 15 minutes – this will loosen the blade. **Note:** Do not use metal utensils with the baking pan as they will damage the nonstick surface.

Baking Chamber – Remove any bread crumbs by wiping them away with a slightly damp cloth or clean pastry brush. Be careful not to bend the heating element when doing so.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Dough Does Not Rise Properly – Check expiration date of yeast. Make certain yeast is fresh and properly stored (sealed, in a cool dark place).

Liquid may have been too hot and killed yeast, or liquid may have been too cool and yeast did not activate completely – liquids should be between 24°C - 32°C for best bread machine results.

Delay Start feature used, but ingredients were in bread pan in improper order.

Short loaves - Not enough sugar in recipe.

Not enough yeast. Yeast was old or improperly stored.

Delay Start feature used and ingredients not placed in bread pan properly. Salt came into contact with yeast and killed yeast.

Loaves with whole wheat and/or whole grain flours will not be as tall as those made with bread flour.

Sunken, uneven tops of loaves – High humidity or high room temperature. Do not place bread machine in sunny window.

On high humidity days, try increasing the flour by one tablespoon per cup of flour used.

Underbaked, gummy texture – Dough too wet. When baking next loaf of same bread, watch dough during the first knead and add additional flour 1 to 2 teaspoons at a time.

Too much whole grain or whole grain flour used.

Bread pan too small for recipe.

Collapsed loaf – Dough too wet. When baking next loaf of same bread, watch dough during the first knead and additional flour 1 to 2 teaspoons at a time.

Water not proper temperature.

Ingredients not in proper proportions – be sure to measure dry ingredients correctly by stirring flours first, spooning into measuring cup, then leveling.

Open texture – Dough too wet. When baking next loaf of same bread, watch dough during the first knead and additional flour 1 to 2 teaspoons at a time.

Too much yeast was used.

Salt was omitted or incorrectly under measured.

Dense, heavy texture – Dough too dry. When baking next loaf of same bread, watch dough during the first knead and add additional water/liquid 1 teaspoon at a time.

This may occur when substituting lowfat products such as fat-free milk or egg replacers, light butter or margarine, fat-free sour cream or cream cheese. Not enough sugar in recipe.

Not enough yeast used. May need to add dough enhancer or vital gluten flour.

Kneading paddle embedded in the loaf – If you are nearby when the signal before last rise sounds, you can remove the kneading paddle, reshape the loaf and replace.

Small amount of smoke/burning smell from machine – Most often this is caused by spilled ingredients. If it is bad, unplug machine, clean carefully (Caution: interior of machine is hot), then plug machine in again to continue. Program will be stored in memory for a maximum of 15 minutes if unplugged. Otherwise "flour dust" will burn off on its own. Clean completely when machine is unplugged and cool.

WARRANTY

Three-Year Limited Warranty

This warranty supersedes all previous warranties on the Cuisinart® Automatic Bread Maker. This warranty is available to consumers only. You are a consumer if you own a Cuisinart® Automatic Bread Maker that was purchased at retail for personal, family, or household use. This warranty is not available to retailers or other commercial purchasers or owners. We warrant that your Cuisinart® Bread Maker will be free of defects in material or workmanship under normal home use for three years from the date of original purchase. We suggest that you complete and return the enclosed product registration card promptly to facilitate verification of the date of original purchase. However, return of this product registration card does not eliminate the need for the consumer to maintain the original proof of purchase in order to obtain the warranty benefits. In the event that you do not have proof of purchase, the purchase date for purposes of this warranty will be the date of manufacture.

If your Cuisinart Automatic Bread Maker should prove to be defective within the warranty period, we will repair it, or if we think necessary, replace it. To obtain warranty service, please register your warranty online at **www.cuisinart.com.au**

or

Call toll-free 1800 808 971 (AUST), 0800 435 000 (NZ),

or

Send to Cuisinart Australia Reply Paid 1115 Pymble BC NSW 2073

Or

Cuisinart New Zealand 44 Apollo Drive Mairangi Bay Auckland New Zealand This warranty expressly excludes any defects or damages caused by accessories, replacement parts, or repair service other than those that have been authorized by Cuisinart.

This warranty does not cover any damage caused by accident, misuse, shipment or other than ordinary household use.

Cuisinart® is a registered trademark of
Cuisinart 150 Milford Road
East Windsor, NJ 0850
1-800-726-0190
Cuisinart Australia
24 Salisbury Road
Asquith NSW 2077
Cuisinart New Zealand
44 Apollo Drive
Mairangi Bay
Auckland, New Zealand
Printed in China

©2009 Cuisinart